

ANJANEY STOCK BROKING LIMITED

MEMBER: NSE, BSE

DP: NSDL

SEBI SINGLE REG NO. INZ000263532

DP SEBI REG NO. IN-DP-303-2016

TM ID: NSE-12417; BSE-6224

DP ID: IN304012

IT ACCESS CONTROL AND USER ACCESS MANAGEMENT POLICY

CIRCULAR: - REF. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CIR/PB/2018/147 DATED DECEMBER 03, 2018

POLICY CREATED BY	MR. PRAMOD KUMAR SANGANERIA
POLICY REVIEWED BY	TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE
POLICY REVIEWED ON	30-12-2023
POLICY APPROVED BY	BOARD OF DIRECTORS
POLICY APPROVED ON	05-01-2024

Version – 2.0

[30 DECEMBER 2023]

PolicyStatement

- Protecting access to IT systems and applications is critical to maintain the integrity of the Company's technology
 and data and prevent unauthorized access to suchresources.
- AccesstoCompany'ssystemsmustberestrictedtoonlyauthorizedusersorprocesses,basedon the principle of strict need to know and leastprivilege.

Background

- Access controls are necessary to ensure only authorized users can obtain access to the Company's information and systems.
- Accesscontrolsmanagetheadmittanceofuserstosystemandnetworkresourcesbygranting users access only to the specific resources they require to complete their job-relatedduties.

Policy Objective

• TheobjectiveofthispolicyistoensuretheInstitutionhasadequatecontrolstorestrictaccess to systems anddata.

Scope

• This policy applies all branch and head office including employees, Consultants and Outside Vendors accessing Company's IT systems and applications.

Definitions

- "Access Control" is the process that limits and controls access to resources of a computer system.
- "Users" are employees, consultants, contractors, agents and authorized users accessing Company IT systems and applications.
- "System or Application Accounts" are user ID's created on IT systems or applications, which are associated with specific access privileges on such systems and applications.
- "PrivilegedAccounts" aresystemorapplicationaccounts that have advanced permissions (as
 compared to regular user account permissions) on such systems or applications. Examples of user accounts with privileges
 include: administrative and super user accounts.
- "Access Privileges" are systems permissions associated with an account, including permissionstoaccessorchangedata,toprocesstransactions,createorchangesettings,etc.
- "Administrator Account" is a user account with privileges that have advanced permissions on an IT system that are
 necessary for the administration of this system. For example, an administrator account can create new users, change
 account permissions, modify security settings such as password settings, modify system logs,etc.
- "Application and Service Accounts" are user accounts that are not associated with a person but an IT system, an application (or a specific part of an application) or a networkservice.
- "Nominative User Accounts" are user accounts that are named after aperson.
- "Non-disclosureAgreement"isacontractbetweenapersonandtheCompanystatingthatthe person will protect
 confidential information (as defined in the Record Classification and Handling Policy) covered by the contract,

when this person has been exposed to such information.

Guiding Principles - General Requirements

- The Company will provide access privileges to Company technology (including networks, systems, applications, computers and mobile devices) based on the following principles:
 - > Need to know users or resources will be granted access to systems that are necessary to fulfill their roles and responsibilities.
 - > Least privilege users or resources will be provided with the minimum privileges necessary to fulfill their roles andresponsibilities.
- Requests for users' accounts and access privileges must be formally documented and appropriately approved.
- Requests for special accounts and privileges (such as vendor accounts, application and service accounts, system
 administration accounts, shared / generic accounts, test accounts and remote access) must be formally documented
 and approved by the systemowner.
- Application and service accounts must only be used by application components requiring authentication; access to
 the passwords must be restricted to authorized IT administratorsor application developers only.
- Where possible, the Company will set user accounts to automatically expire at a pre-setdate. Morespecifically,
 - Whentemporaryaccessisrequired, suchaccess will be removed immediately after the user has completed the task for which the access was granted.
 - User accounts assigned to contractors will be set to expire according to the contract's expirydate.
 - > User accounts will be disabled after 3 months of inactivity. This does not apply to accounts assigned toemployees.
 - > User accounts with signed contracts for a recurring, continuing, or tenure track appointment for an upcoming term can be active for up to four months between appointments.
- Access rights will be immediately disabled or removed when the user is terminated orceases to have a legitimate
 reason to access Company'ssystems.
- A verification of the user's identity must be performed by the IT Director, Help Desk, or designate before granting a new password.
- Existing user accounts and access rights will be reviewed at least annually to detect dormant accounts and accounts with excessive privileges. Examples of accounts with excessive privileges include:
 - An active account assigned to external contractors, vendors or employees that no longer work for the Company.
 - Anactiveaccountwithaccessrightsforwhichtheuser's roleandresponsibilities do not require access. For example, users that do not have authority or responsibility to approve expenses should not have access with approval permissions within a financial system.
 - > System administrative rights or permissions (including permissions to change the security settings or performance settings of a system) granted to a user who is not an administrator.
 - Unknown activeaccounts.
- All access requests for system and application accounts and permissions will bedocumented using the ticketing

system inplace.

Guiding Principles - Privileged Accounts

- A nominative and individual privileged user account must be created for administrator accounts (such as "first name. last name.admin"), instead of generic administrator account names.
- Privileged user accounts can only be requested by managers or supervisors and must be appropriately approved.

Guiding Principles - Shared User Accounts

- Wherepossible, the use of specific network domain "security groups" should be used to share common access permissions across many users, instead of shared accounts.
- Shareduseraccounts are only to be used on an exception basis with the appropriate approval. This includes general user accounts such as "guest" and "functional" accounts.
- When shared accounts are required:
 - Passwords will be stored and handled in accordance with the PasswordPolicy.
 - > The use of shared accounts will be monitored where possible, including the recording of the time of access, the reason for accessing the shared user account, and the individual accessing his account. When the shared user account has administrative privileges, such a procedure is mandatory and access to the monitoring logs must be protected andrestricted.

Vendor or Default User Accounts

Wherepossible, all default user accounts will be disabled or changed. These accounts include "guest", "temp", "admin",
 "Administrator", and any other commonly known or used default accounts, as well as related default passwords used by vendors on "commercial off-the shelf" systems and applications.

Test Accounts

- Testaccountscanonlybecreatediftheyarejustifiedbytherelevantbusinessareaorproject
 teamandapprovedbytheapplicationowner,throughaformalrequesttotheITDirectororthe IT Help Desk.
- Test accounts must have an expiry date (maximum of 6 months). Maintaining test accounts beyond this date must be re-evaluated every 90 days and approvedappropriately.
- Test accounts will be disabled / deleted when they are no longernecessary.

Contractors and Vendors

- In accordance with the Contract Management Policy, contracts with contractors / vendors will includespecific requirements for the protection of data. In addition, contractor / vendor representatives will be required to sign a Non-disclosure Agreement ("NDA") prior to obtaining approval to access Institution systems and applications.
 - > Priortograntingaccessrightstoacontractor/vendor,theITDirectororHelpDeskmustverify the requirements of Section 11.1 have been complied with.
 - > Thenameofthecontractor/vendorrepresentativemustbecommunicated to the ITHelpDesk at least 2 business days

before the person needsaccess.

- The Company will maintain a current list of external contractors or vendors having access to Company's systems.
- Theneedtoterminatetheaccessprivilegesofthecontractor/vendormustbecommunicated to the IT Help Desk at least 1 business day before the contractor / vendor representative's need for such access ends.

Access Control Requirements

- All users must use a unique ID to access Company's systems and applications. Passwords must be set in accordance
 with the PasswordPolicy.
- Alternative authentication mechanisms that do not rely on a unique ID and password mustbe formally approved.
 - > Remote access to Company's systems and applications must use two-factor authenticationwhere possible.
 - > System and application sessions must automatically lock after 15 minutes of inactivity.

Roles and Responsibilities

STAKEHOLDER	RESPONSIBILITIES
Board of Director	Approve and formally support thispolicy.
President,	Review and formally support thispolicy.
Administration	
IT	Develop and maintain thispolicy.
Director/Designated	Review and approve any exceptions to the requirements of thispolicy.
officer	Take proactive steps to reinforce compliance of all stakeholders with this policy.
Supervisors or	• Support all employees and others in the understanding of the requirements of this policy.
Company's	• Immediately assess and report to the IT service desk anynon-compliance instance with
Representative	thispolicy.
Contract	• Ensure that the responsibilities and security obligations of each party tothe contractual
Administrators	relationship are outlined in the contract executed between the Company's and
	thecontractor/sub-contractor.
Human Resources	• Present each new employee or contractor with the relevant Company's IT and Security
	Policies, upon the first day of commencing work with Company's.
	• Support all employees and other in the understanding of the requirements of this policy.
All users (Employees	• Report all non-compliance instances with this policy (observed or suspected)to their
and contractors,	Supervisor, Instructor or Company's Representative as soon aspossible.
Visitors and or	
Volunteers)	

Exceptions to the Policy

• Exceptions to the guiding principles in this policy must be documented and formallyapproved by the ITDirector/Designated Officer.

• Policy exceptions must describe:

- ➤ The nature of the exception
- A reasonable explanation for why the policy exception isrequired
- Any risks created by the policyexception
- > Evidence of approval by the ITDirector

• Inquiries

➤ Inquiries regarding this policy can be directed to the ITDirector/Designated officer.

Change in the Policy will be adopted as and when required by the company and is binding on all the Staff/Employees/and Directors of the Company.

For M/s. ANJANEY STOCK BROKING LIMITED

Man Jan's

Mr. Pramod Kumar Sanganeria

(Designated Officer)

Date: 05-01-2024